



# Mental health and primary care (your GP practice)

Information from Mid Essex CCG
Mental Health Team





## Common general symptoms of mental health conditions

- Feeling more anxious or nervous than usual
- Unable to sleep as usual
- Tired all the time to a point of not doing normal activities
- Feelings of low self-esteem / not being good enough
- Not being able to cope with usual day-to-day stresses





#### Ways to recognise common issues

#### **Anxiety**

- Worrying about a problem all the time ("wired all the time")
- Irritable mood, poor concentration
- Disturbed sleep difficult to settle, wake up thinking about problems
- Eye contact usually normal
- Reduced appetite, may lose weight
- Palpitations, sweating, chest pain
- Nausea, diarrhoea, urinary urgency
- CAN LEAD TO DEPRESSION

#### **Depression**

- Tired all the time
- Early-morning waking, difficulty getting to sleep, sleepy during day
- Increased or reduced appetite
- Reduced activity stops doing hobbies, less interest in home life
- Poor concentration
- Poor eye contact, slow speech, can be difficult to establish rapport – speech limited or monosyllabic

30-50% of cases have symptoms from both columns





### Primary care for young people

- Aged under 18
- Often have predominant anxiety symptoms and sleep disturbance
- Primary care clinicians should NOT prescribe SSRI-type antidepressants\*
- These may lead to suicidal thoughts / impetuous overdose
  - Primary care will refer on for further assessment
- Primary care clinicians should NOT prescribe benzodiazepines\* (a type of tranquilliser) or sleeping tablets
  - This is a specialist prescribing decision due to the risk of accidental overdose / further anxiety

<sup>\*</sup> See NHS Choices for more details





## Young people possibly needing more than primary care (and/or medication)

- Use Emotional Wellbeing and Mental Health Service
  - Accessed through self-referral or GP referral
  - Phone: 0300 300 1600 (Mon-Fri, 9am-5pm)
  - Email: EWMHS@nelft.nhs.uk





### Primary care for adults

#### **Anxiety**

- Psychological therapies are mainstay of management
  - Computer-based cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT)
  - 1-to-1 or group CBT
  - Applied relaxation therapy
- ONLY if therapy does not work, or if symptoms seriously affect day-to-day life, would medication (SSRIs) be considered

#### **Depression**

- Tranquillisers are "depressants" and make depression worse, with a risk of overdose in those with suicidal thoughts
- For mild to moderate depression, psychological therapies are better than medication
  - This could be CBT, interpersonal behavioural therapy, psychotherapy
- For moderate to severe depression
  - Medication (SSRIs) combined with psychological therapies would be considered





## Symptoms / signs that your GP may ask about

- Suicidal thoughts (they should always ask about this)
- Feeling worthless / useless, or someone thinking themselves a burden to others
- Unable to wash, eat or take basic care of themselves
- Paranoia (feeling of being watched / listened to by others)
- Your GP will be looking for a mix of common symptoms among older people (or men of any age)





## Special cases

- Men much higher risk of suicide than women, tend to seek help at later stages of condition
- Young adults (aged 18-25) higher risk of self-harm and unintentional overdose / suicide with medication.
   Clinicians will take great care when prescribing any "psychoactive" medicines (see NHS Choices for further explanation of these)
- Older people high risk of falls while taking any psychoactive medication. Primary care should not start them on tranquillisers





### Referral and support

**Health in Mind** (formerly know as IAPT)

- Accessed by:
  - Self referral online see <a href="http://bit.ly/HealthInMindME">http://bit.ly/HealthInMindME</a>
  - Self referral Calling 01376 308704
- All main types of therapy and support offered
  - GPs should refer all cases of anxiety / depression by default
  - Therapy rooms available across mid Essex

Mid Essex CCG mental health commissioning team can advise on services available – email <a href="mailto:meccg.ppe@nhs.net">meccg.ppe@nhs.net</a>

Mid Essex CCG Clinical Lead for mental health – Dr Sam Bhima, who can be contacted via the above email address